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How much did YOUR wool bring?

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U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND SERVICE DIVISION
FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION
IN COOPERATION WITH EXTENSION SERVICE
U. S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE, WASHINGTON, D. C.

INV. '60

Miscellaneous Report No. 103

January 1947

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE
FARM CREDIT ADMINISTRATION
WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

I. W. Duggan, Governor

COOPERATIVE RESEARCH AND SERVICE DIVISION

Harold Hedges, Chief W. W. Fetrow, Associate Chief

Text
by
J. L. Van Horn

Illustrations
by
T. W. Pritchard

The following assumptions are made in the cartoon examples in this publication:

1. All clean wool is considered to be the same grade and quality.

2. Value of clean wool - $1 per pound.

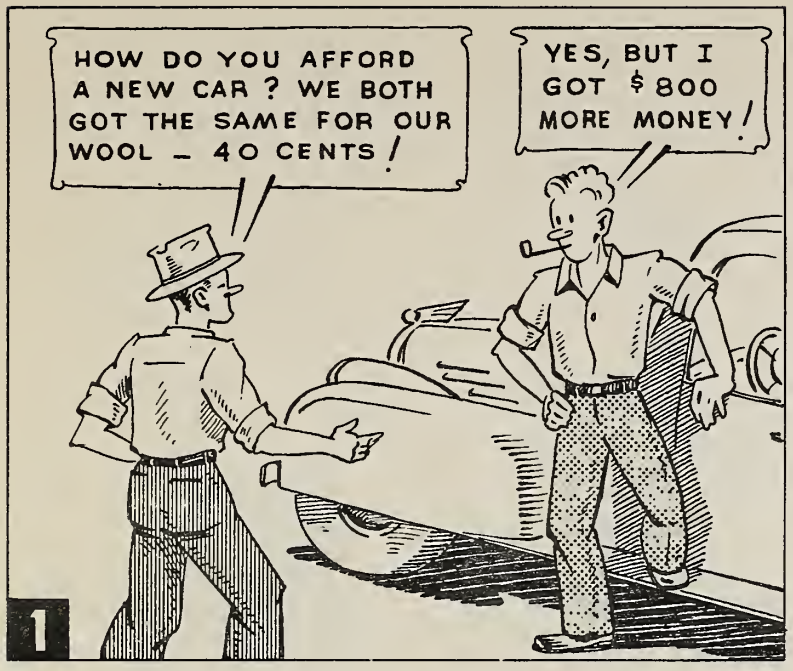
3. Shrinkage is considered as the percentage of foreign material in the fleece. For the sake of simplicity the writer uses the word "dirt" instead of shrinkage in some places.

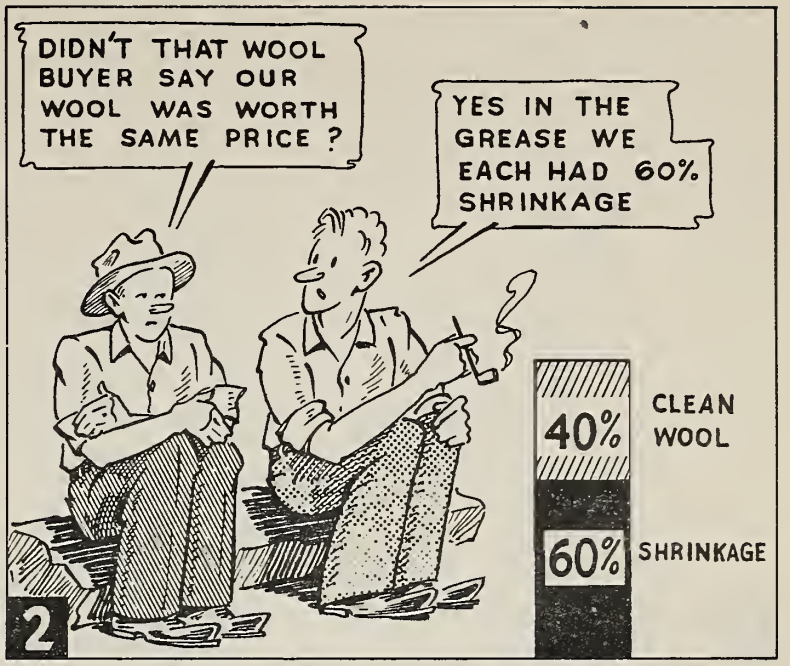
4. Yield is the amount of clean wool in the fleece.

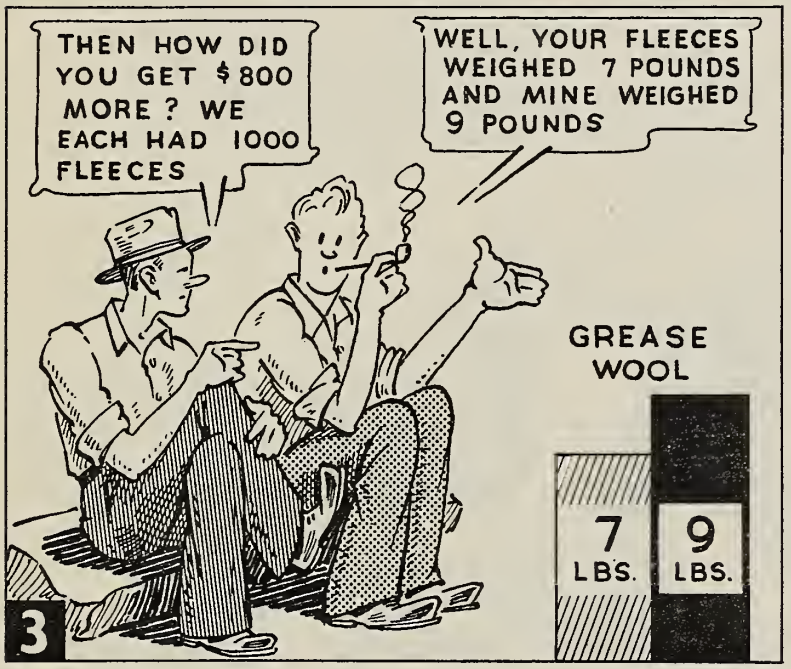
The purpose of this publication is to emphasize that return per fleece is a much more reliable measure of value than price per grease pound. Growers usually value wool on a grease price basis although it is admittedly unreliable and at times a very misleading measure. In computing their final wool returns growers are urged to measure them on a per fleece basis.

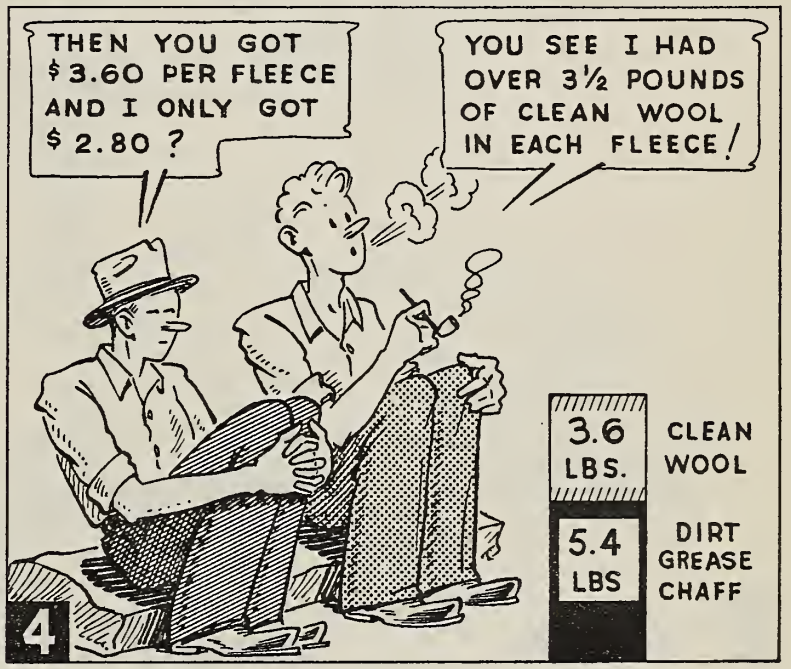
3-010-Inside Cover-bu

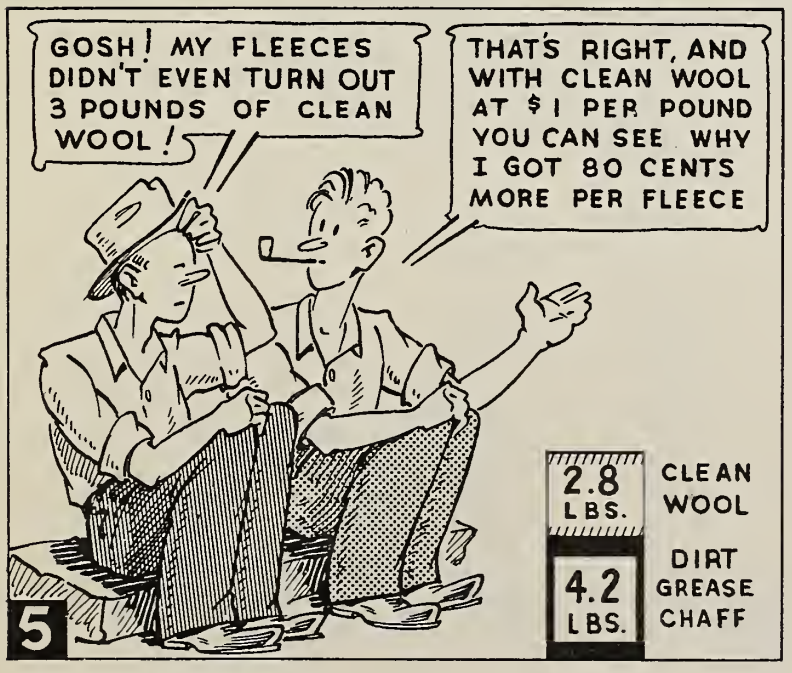
RETURN PER FLEECE DOES IT

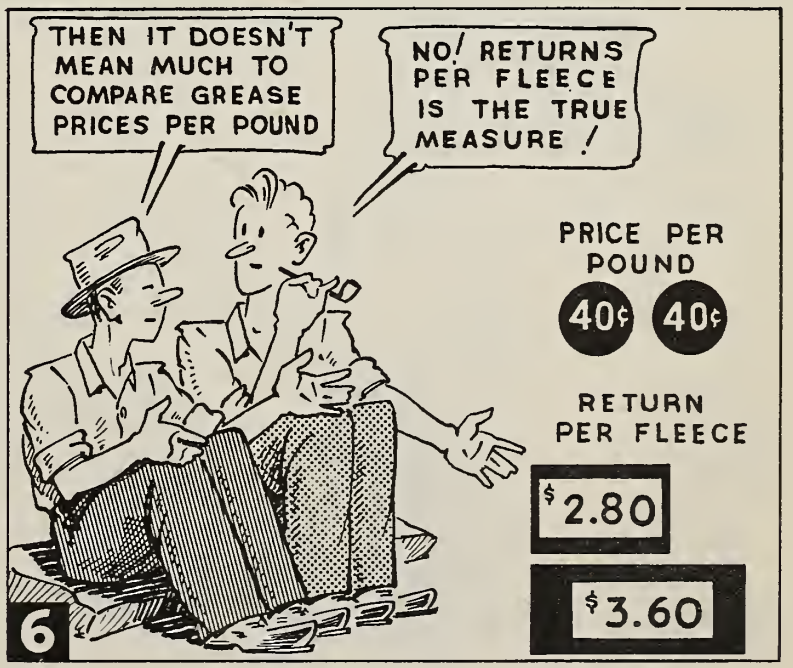












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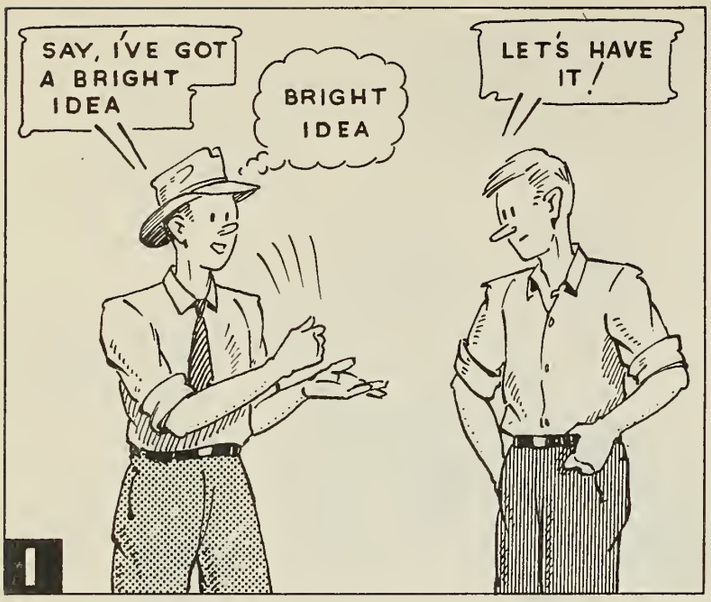
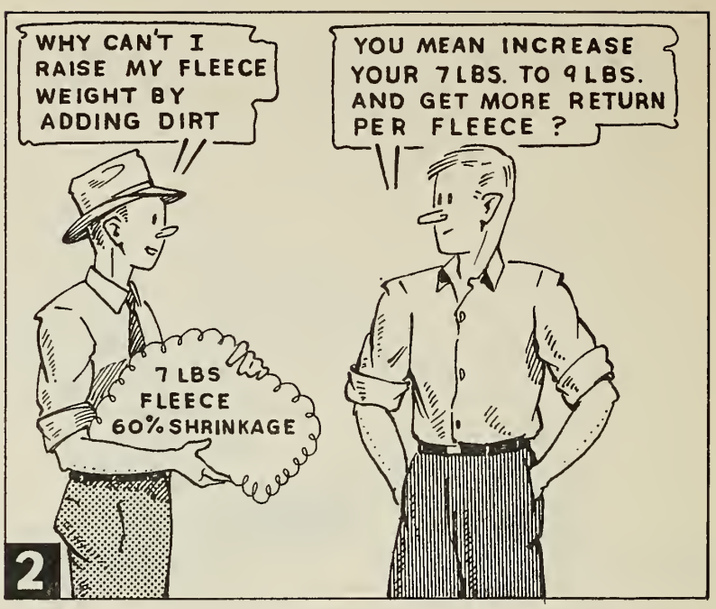
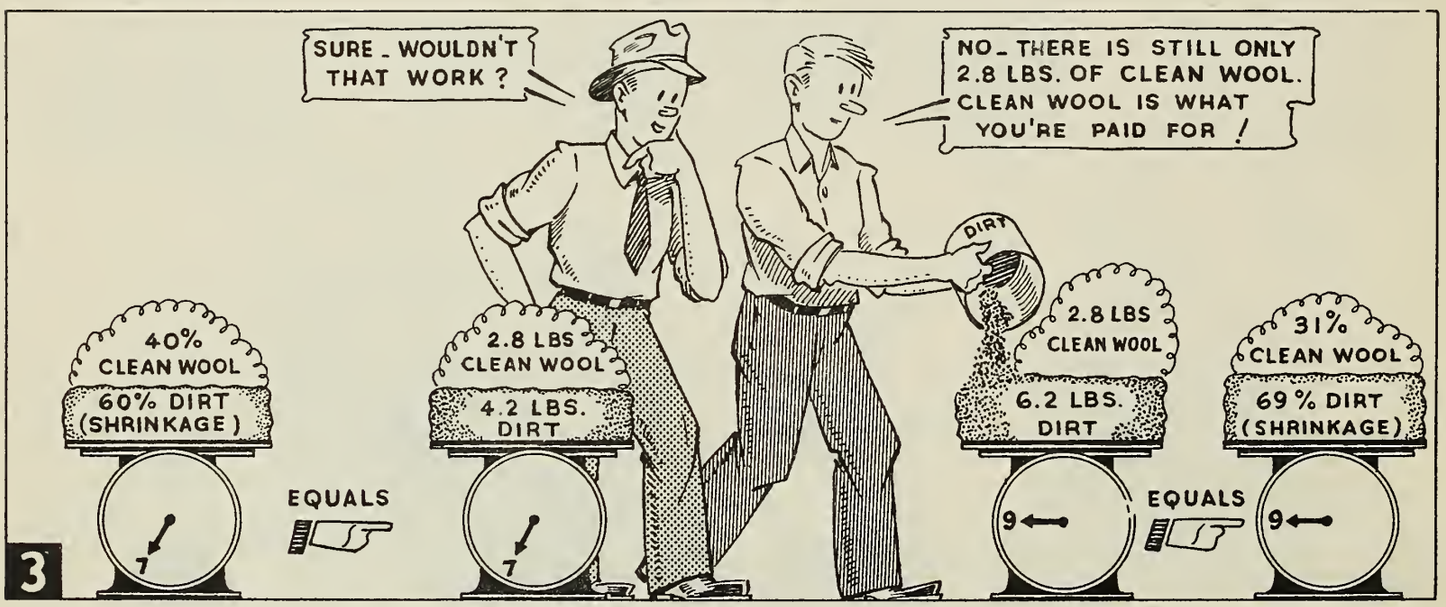
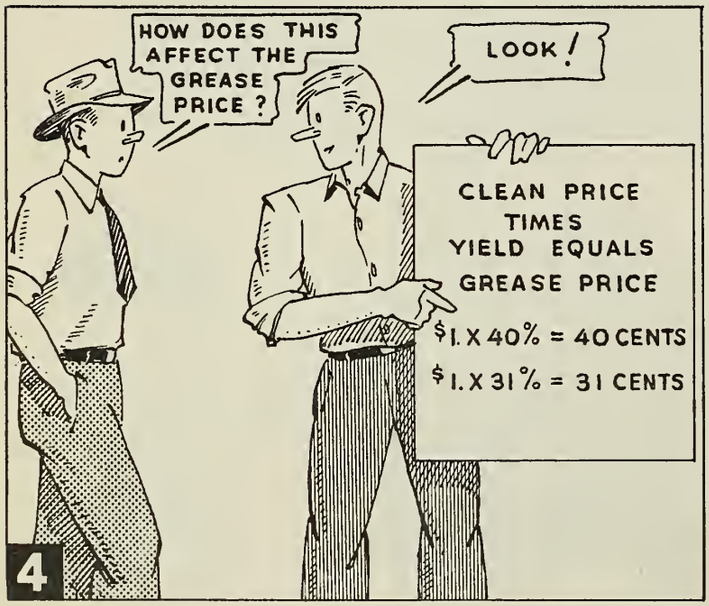
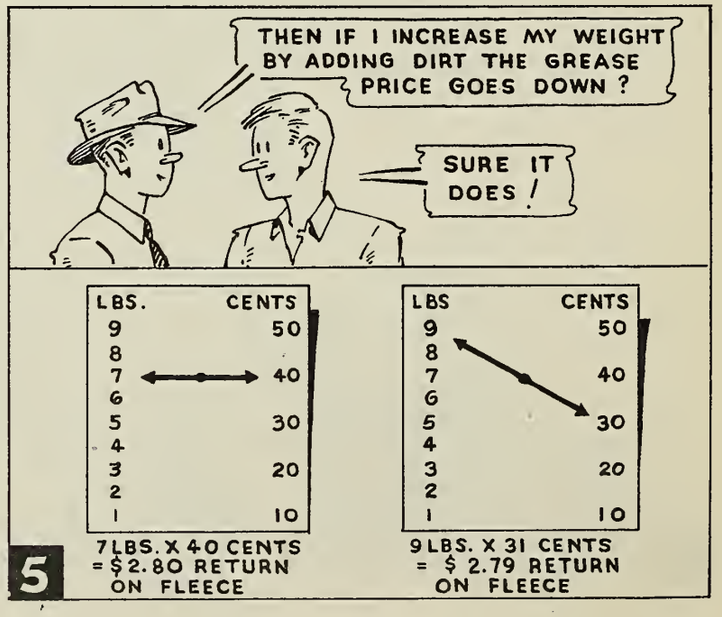
INCREASED SHRINKAGE LOWERS GREASE VALUE





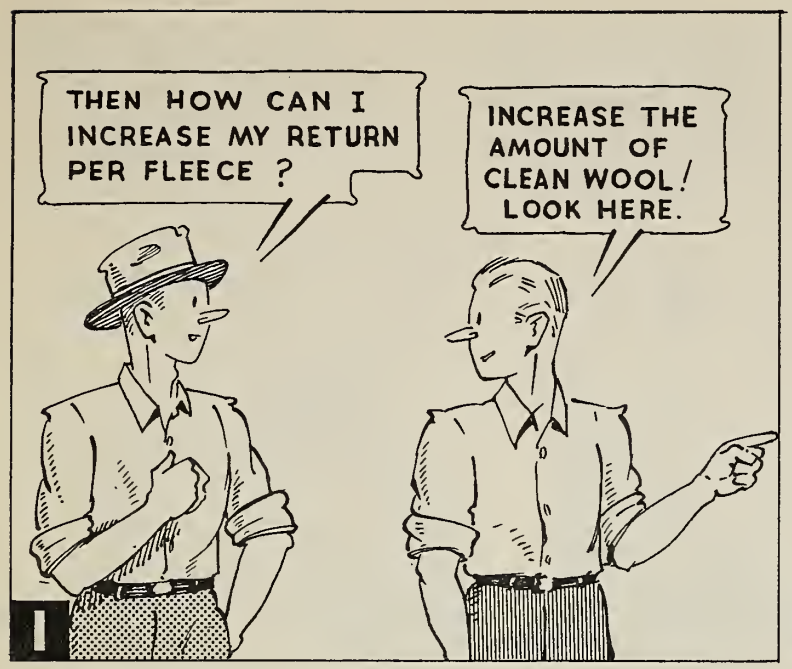


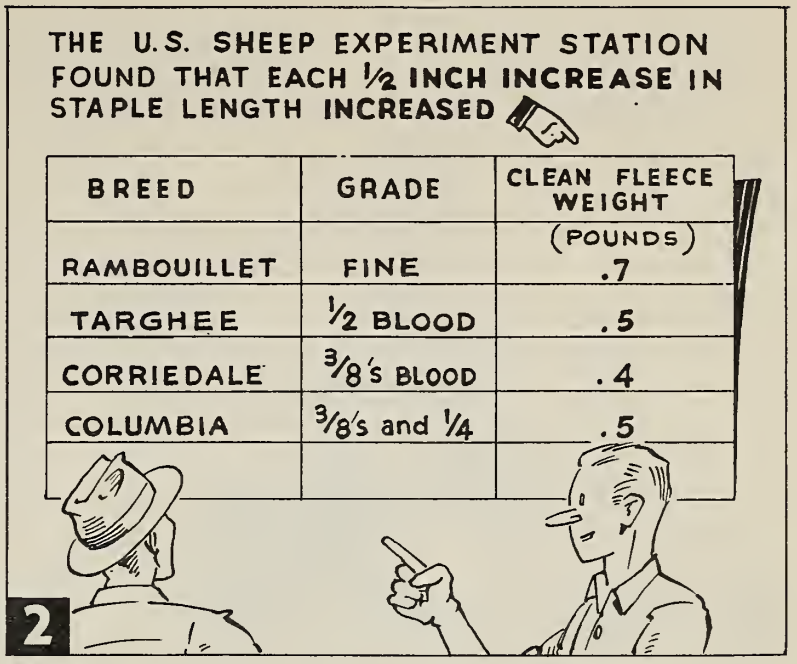




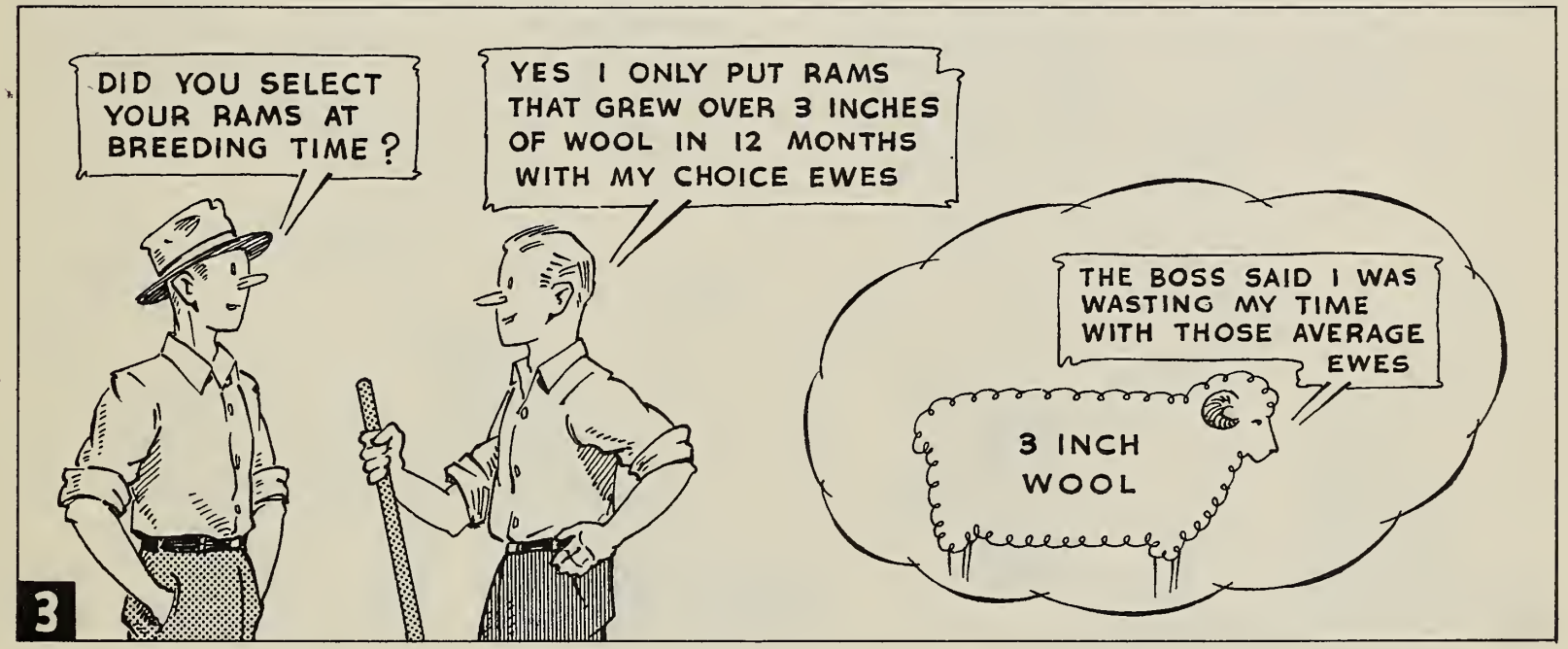
3-010-p2-bu

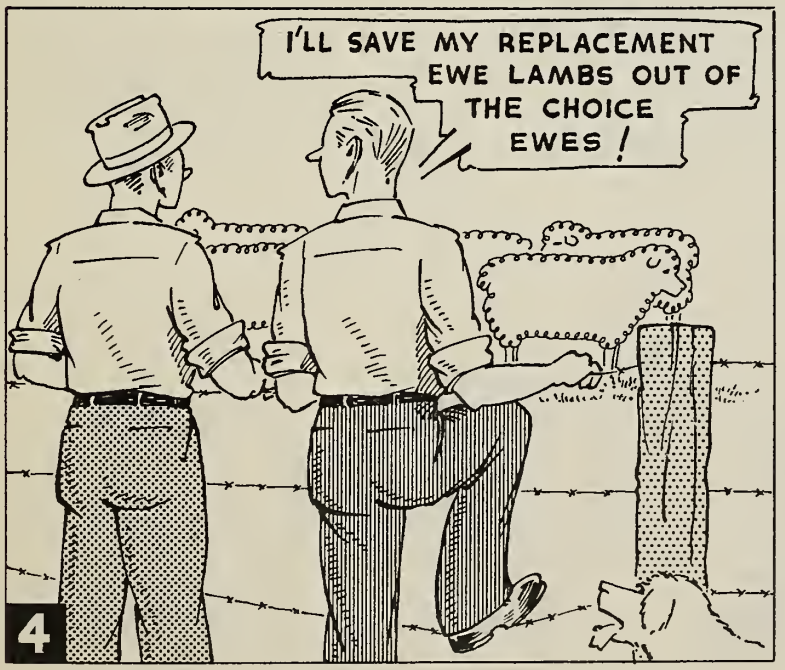
INCREASE THE AMOUNT OF CLEAN WOOL

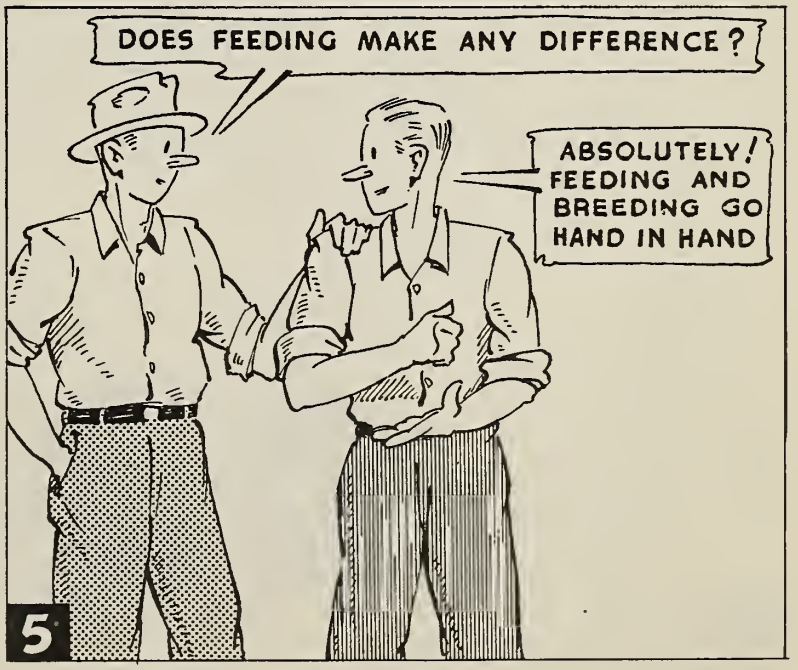




BREED	GRADE	CLEAN FLEECE WEIGHT (POUNDS)
RAMBOUILLET	FINE	.7
TARGHEE	½ BLOOD	.5
CORRIEDALE	3/8's BLOOD	.4
COLUMBIA	3/8's and ¼	.5







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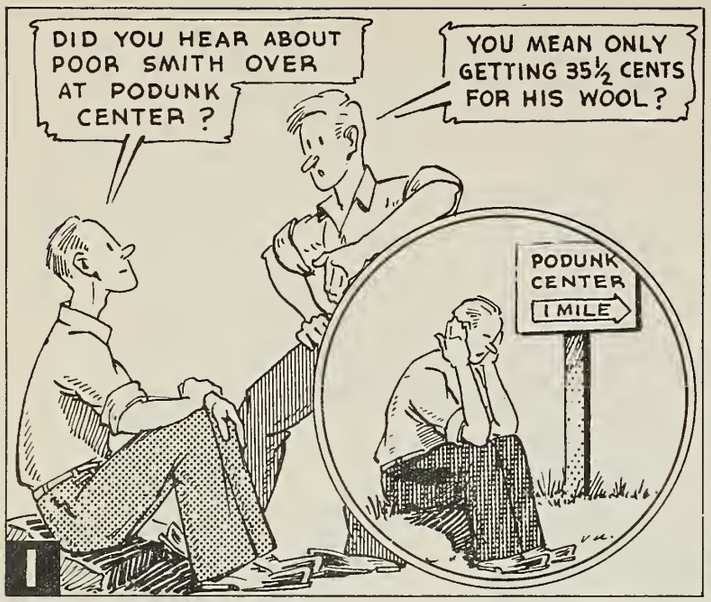
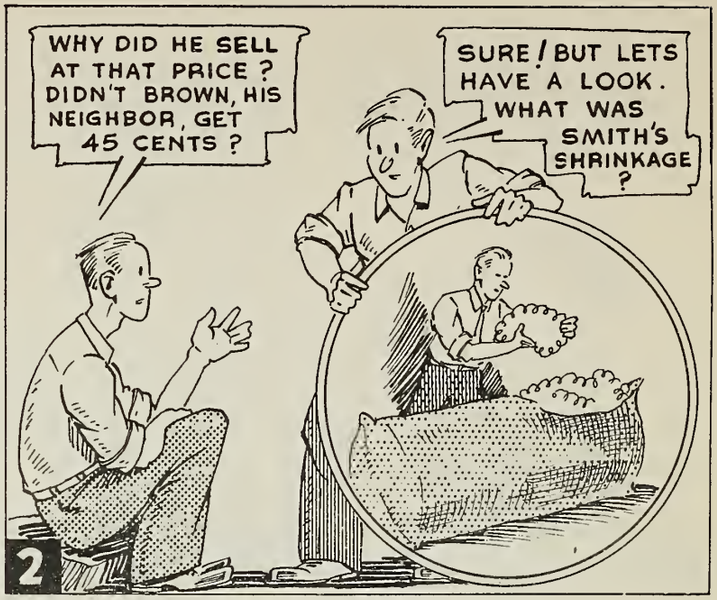
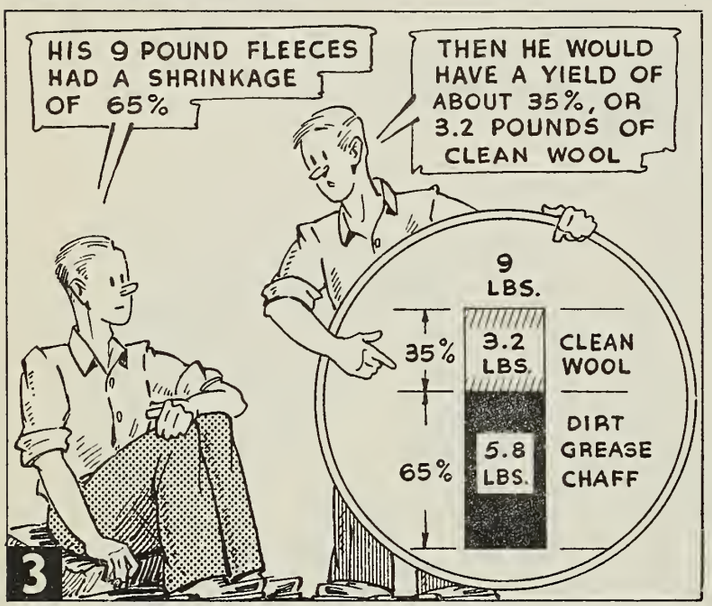
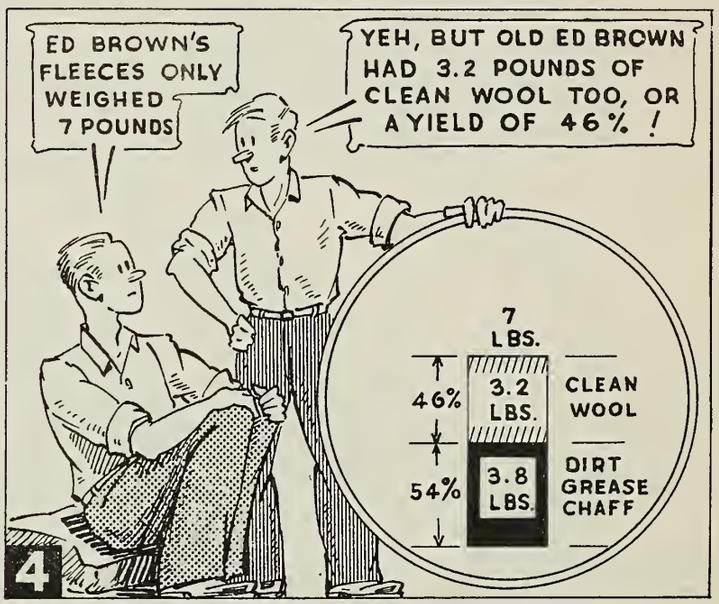
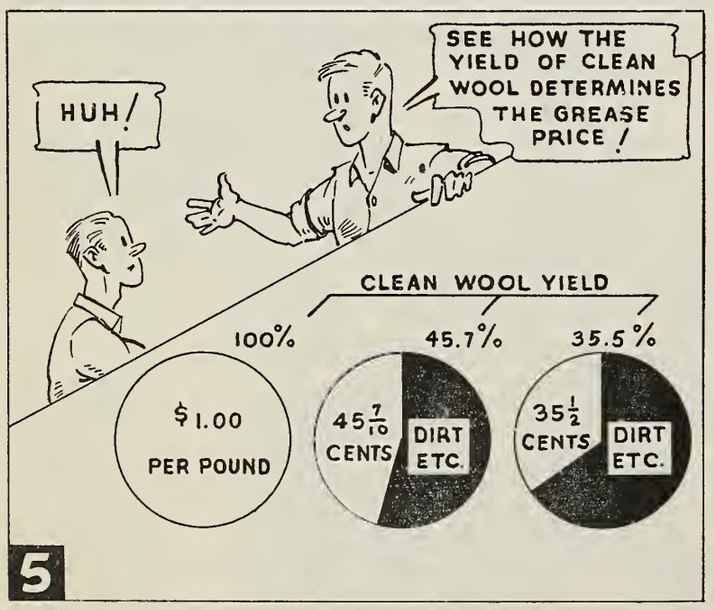
PERCENT YIELD DETERMINES GREASE PRICE

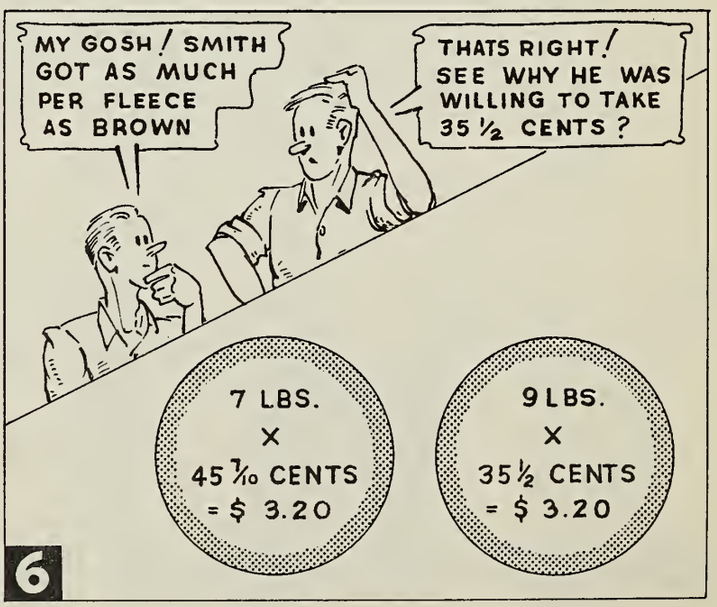












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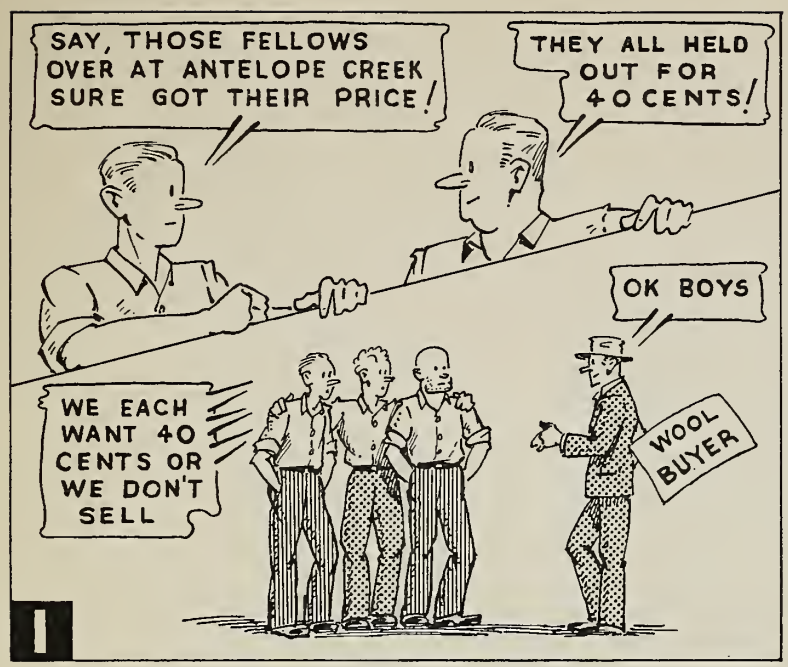
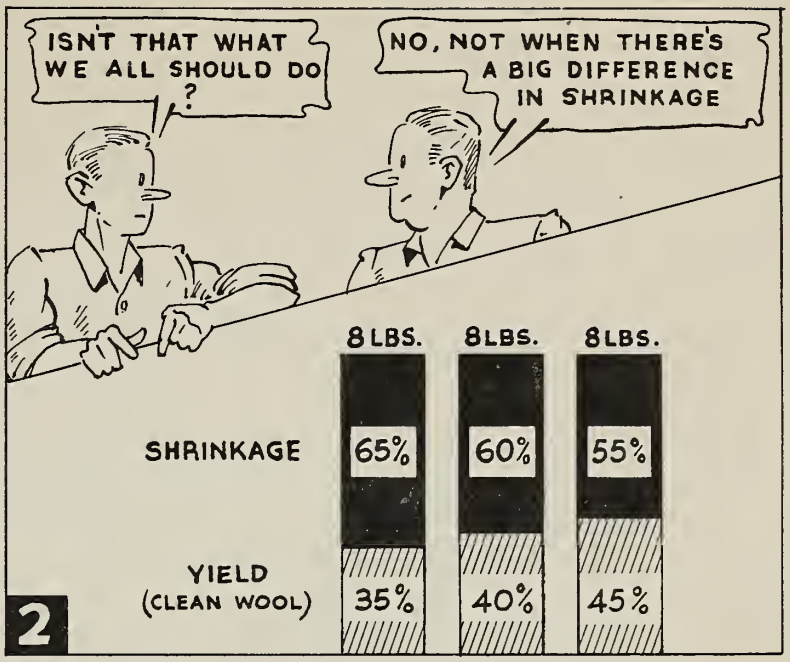
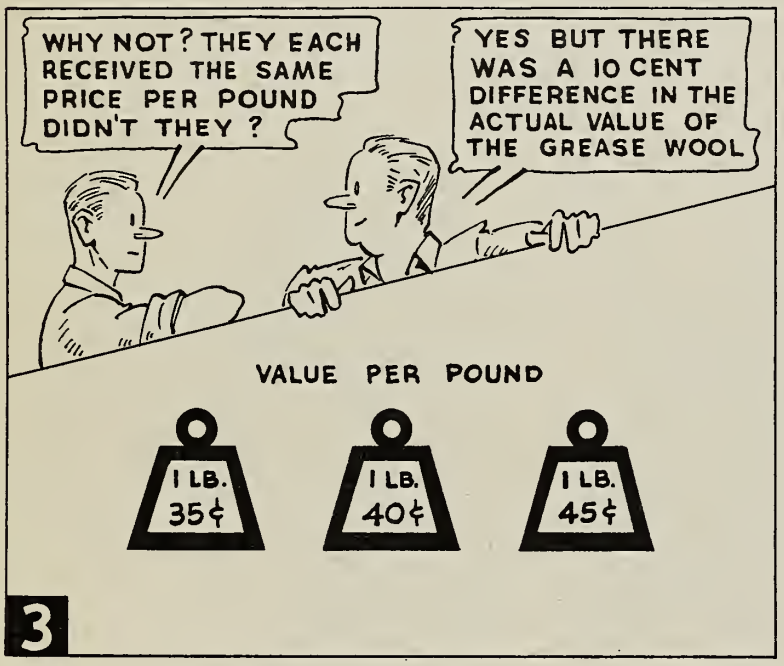
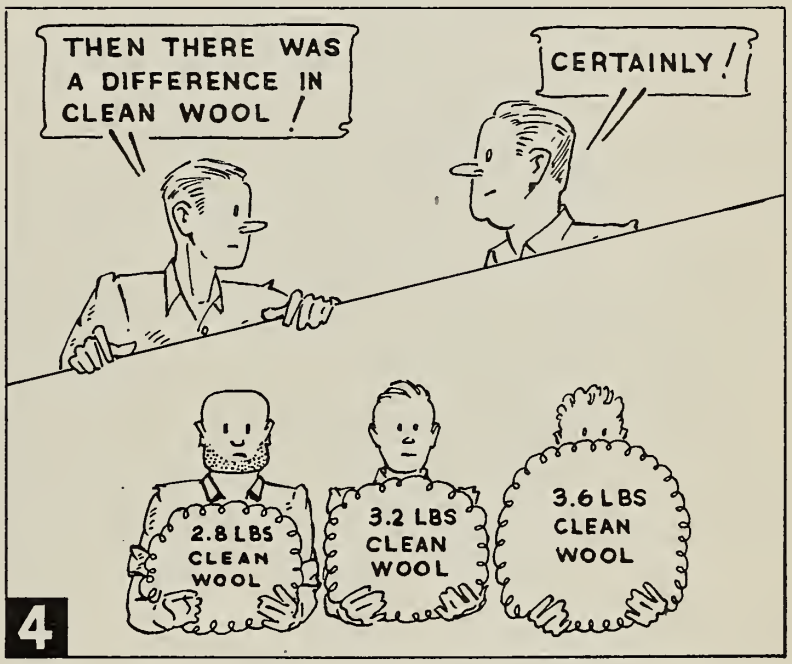
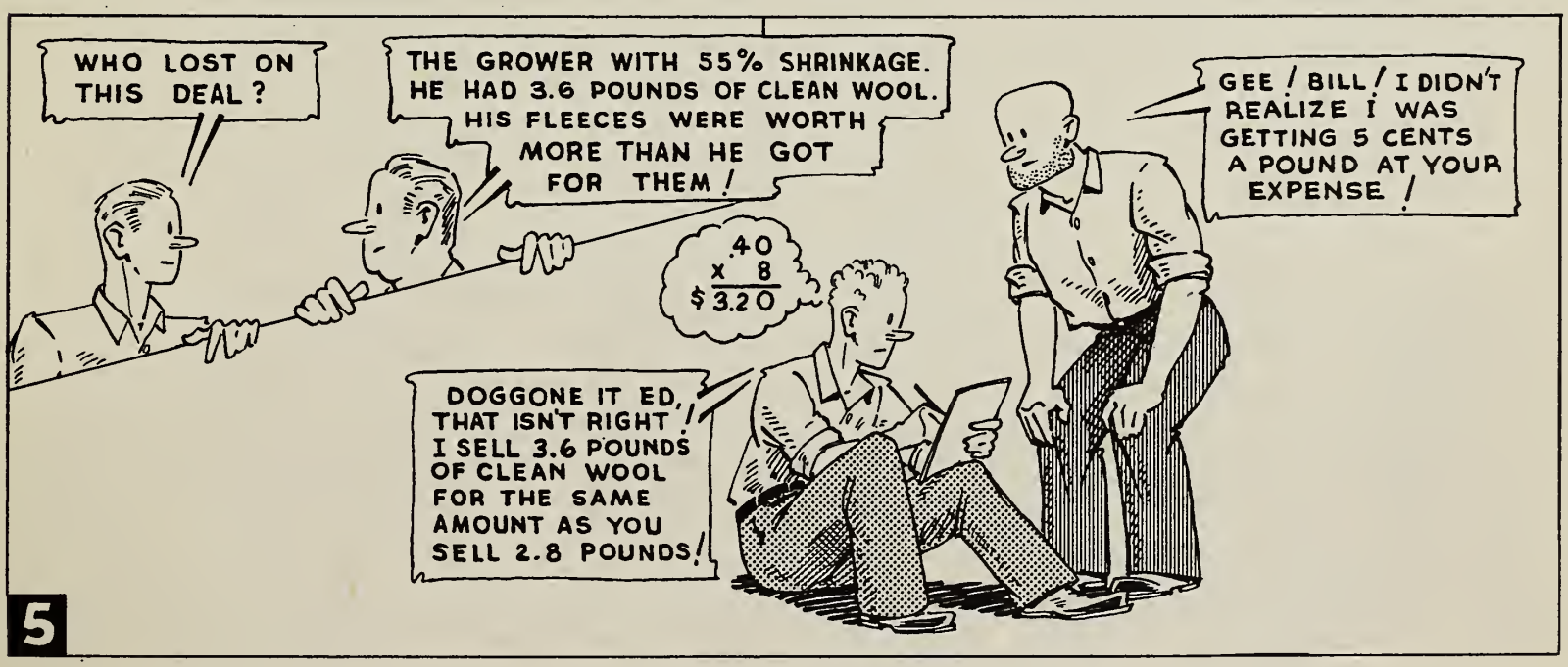
AVERAGE PRICE CAN BE A PENALTY











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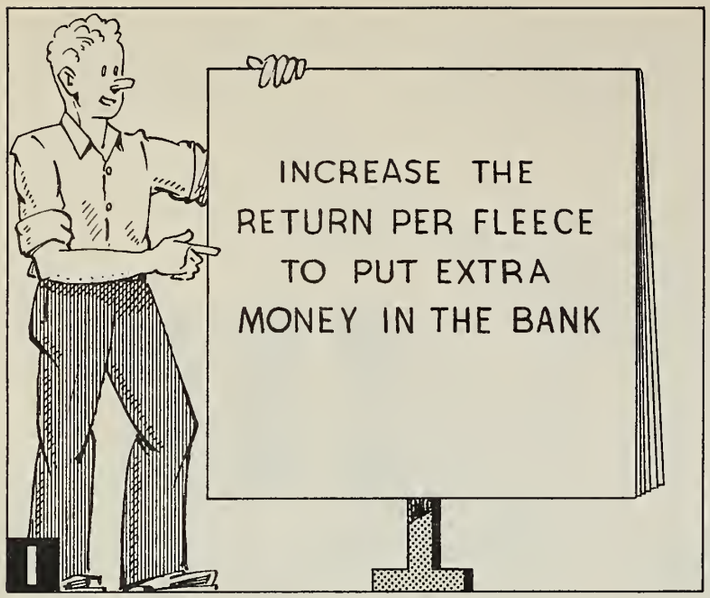
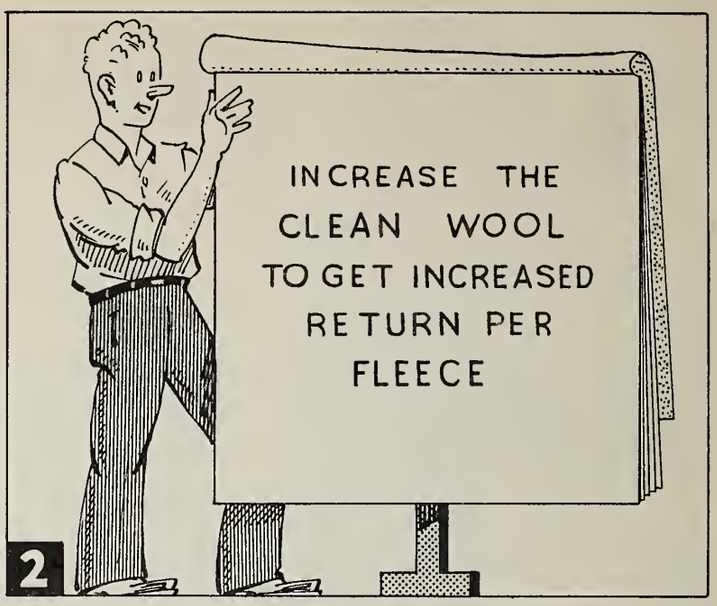
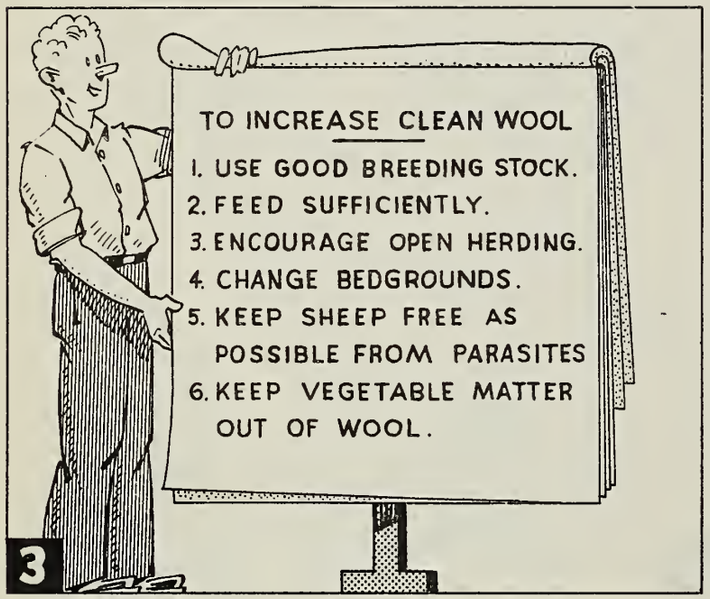
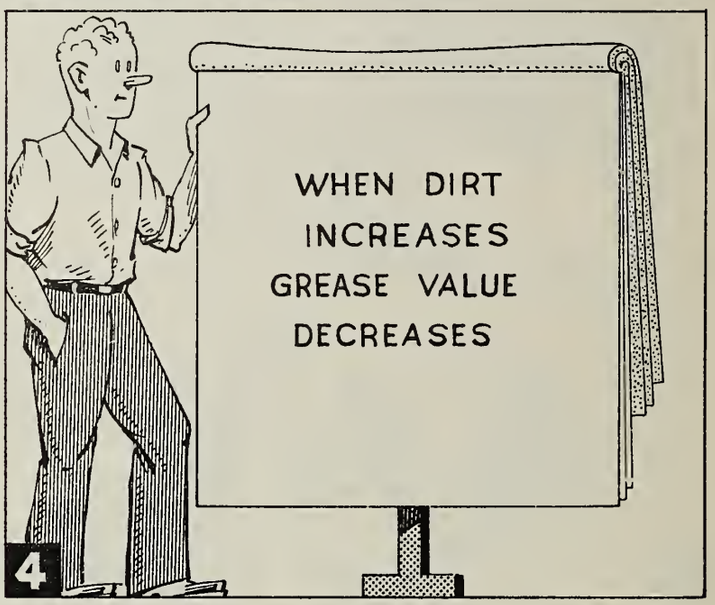
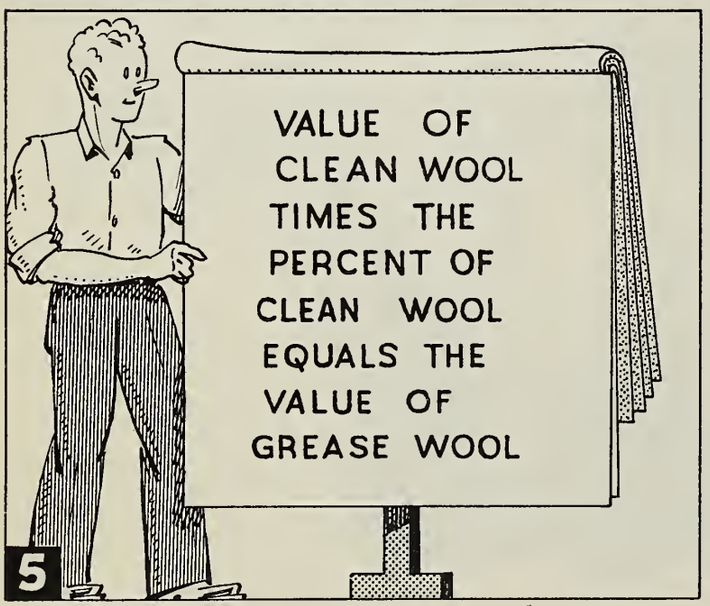
SUMMARY

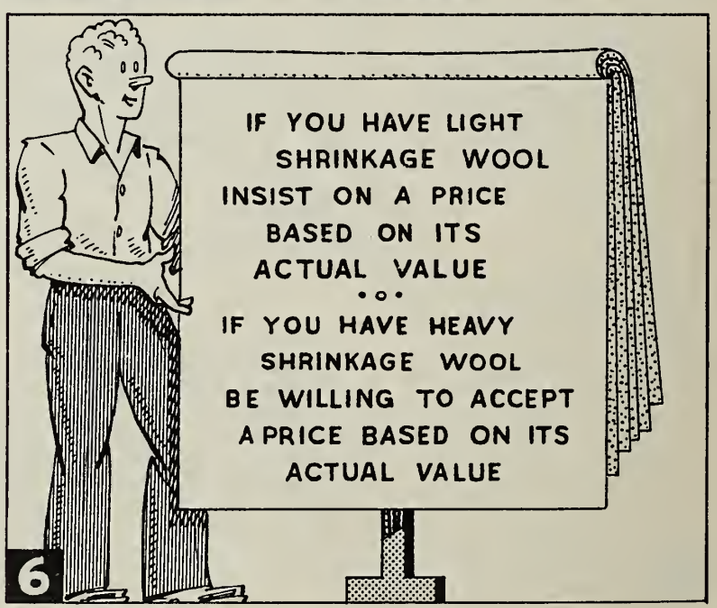












13-010-p6-bu-final